Rural areas are geographically and humanly classified sites or regions where settlements with low population density are seen in demographic terms and production is based on agriculture and animal husbandry rather than industrial quality. Dependence on the center is related to the utilization of the settlement units which are located in the geographical area of the city centers or outside the city, from the services such as administrative organization, education and health in the center or city dependent manner. The low standard of living in rural areas creates a vicious circle in this area due to economic troubles. In addition because of inadequate need for arbitrary settlement in rural areas, the primitive conditions of farming and animal husbandry activities makes the conditions of life become even more difficult. People living in rural areas tend to leave their land and migrate to city centers. As a result of this migration, leaving their tradition, culture and farming and animal husbandry activities which they have full of knowledge in the rural area and try to do jobs they do not know bring about different problems, too. People in rural areas are faced with cultural differences in city centers, and at the same time, the bottlenecks of cities increase the size of the disturbances by adding psychological and sociological problems for rural people. We will analyze the reflections of the interactions by analyzing the natural life sciences, observations, current conditions and situations that we want to achieve.