Diversity of the plants is based on the geographical structure of the region. Geographical location of Turkey allows producing many different species, types and varieties of fruits. In addition, Anatolia is one of the most important centers for the germplasm for many fruit species such as almond, apple, apricot, chestnut, cherry, fig, plum, pear, pistachio, walnut, olive, pomegranate etc. This is allowed the cultivation of different species and varieties in Turkey. Over the 85 fruits species, are belong to Rosaceae, Juglandaceae, Betulaceae, Oleaceae, Anacardiaceae etc., almost 20 different families, are cultivated through the country. The great numbers of the fruit taxa are deciduous and subtropical also a few tropical can be grown in microclimate areas. The fruit orchard area is 15% of the Turkey’s total farmland and, also production quantity corresponds to 17% of the total plant production.