Agriculture is the most water used sector in the world and Turkey. The share of agriculture in the consumption of water between sectors is around 73% in Turkey. Water is the most important input to agricultural production and has problems in its effective and efficient usage. Until the early 1990s, while water management was predominantly in the public monopoly, the operation of irrigation systems with the understanding of participatory irrigation management started to be transferred to its users. Today, the turnover rate has reached 96%. The most important reasons for making these turnovers are ensuring that owners of irrigation systems are owned by them, reducing the burden on the public budget due to operation, maintenance and repairs, and ensuring sustainability through increasing water fee collection rates. These turnovers, which are essential to the operation of irrigation, are carried out in accordance with the Irrigation Associations Law No. 6172. It can not be said that the expected benefits from these turnovers have been adequately provided. There are structural problems in the operation of irrigation systems. There are important problems such as selection systems of irrigation associations, deficiencies in transfer contracts, inspection, tender law, personnel recruitment, irrigation methods, maintenance and repairs, crop pattern, irrigation fees and collections. Additional regulations are needed in Law no. 6172.