Agricultural and organisations in rural areas, met the orientation the same purpose that the manufacturer within the social structure, responsibilities and decision-making mechanism they can not do alone with the development, but it is a structure that, when made together, will benefit the producers from both social and economic aspects. Agricultural enterprises consisting of small and very fragmented structure poses a significant place in Turkey. In these businesses, production is low, costs are high, and income is low. Therefore, it is not possible for them to survive and compete in the market. In order to solve these problems, it is important that the producers be organised in an organised way, and the producers’ organisations work effectively and efficiently. There are a total of 13,195 units in Turkey as a member of the 2017 economic organisation and 4,774,081. In 2015, the European Union countries had a total of 21,610 economic organisations in 28 countries, and 6,276,68 producers are members of these organisations. Agricultural cooperatives in Turkey, an average of about 10% is the share in the various agricultural products purchases ranged from 3% to 40%. In the EU, the share of agricultural cooperatives purchasing agricultural products is around 50%. Although there are sufficient agricultural cooperatives and producer organisations in Turkey, they are not working effectively. This study examined the structure of the agricultural organisation in the European Union, and Turkey has revealed the importance.