Regardless of the level of development, agricultural production has a strategic importance in all countries, and not only for food safety but also for employment and industries based on agriculture. Farmers are faced with a number of problems both in the input supply in the production process and in the marketing of the products that are produced. In this study, it was aimed to determine the farmers’ views on agricultural production and marketing processes in the Harran Plain. In this context, 171 questionnaires were conducted with farmers by simple random sampling method in 2016. According to the obtained data; The average age of the farmers participating in the survey is 46.1 years, of which 45% is primary school graduate. Average land size is 12.46 hectares. The 62.5% of them are property owners, 16.4% are tenants and shareholders. The 81.3% of those who supply inputs from producers and commissioners, and 13.5% of those who provide agricultural cooperatives. The rate of farmer who have not problems in input supply is 82.5%. All the farmers who participated in the survey benefit from agricultural support, and 26.3% of the respondents find it sufficient. The rate of those who use agricultural loans is 21%. It has been stated that 23.5% of the problems encountered at harvesting time is mechanized, 38.5% of based on land and 38% are related to climate risk and uncertainties. When selling their products, 83% of them easily find buyers, 65.5% of the sales are done after harvest, 63.7% of those cannot immediately get the money after selling and 47.9% of those sell the same person each year. The age, education, type of property, amount of land and product variety are effective factors in farmers’ perspective.